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NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 18th November 1964—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
176	G.S.R. 1634, dated 12th November, 1964.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture	Fixing the maximum ex-factory price of Indian Sugar standard produced by factories specified therein.
177	G.S.R. 1656, dated 18th November, 1964.	Ministry of Finance.	Amendment to Notification No. 152/64-Central Excises dated 6th October, 1964.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 13th November, 1964

G.S.R. 1659.—In pursuance of sub-rule 1 and the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 4 of the Indian Police Service (Cadre) Rules, 1954, the Central Government in

consultation with the Government of Gujarat, hereby makes the following amendment in the Service (Fixation of Cadre Strength) Regulations, 1955.

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said Regulations (I) for the entries relating to 'GUJARAT' the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

'GUJARAT'

1.	Senior posts under State Government	36
	Inspector General of Police	1
	Commissioner of Police	1
	Deputy Inspectors General of Police	3
	Director, Anti-Corruption Bureau	1
	Deputy Commissioners of Police	4
	Assistant Inspector General of Police	1
	Superintendent of Police C.I.D. (Crime)	1
	Superintendent of Police C.I.D. (S.B.)	1
	Superintendent of Police	17
	Superintendent of Police Railway	1
	Principal, Police Schools	2
	Commandants, State Reserve Constabulary.	3
		<hr/>
		36
2.	Senior Posts under Central Govt.	11
		<hr/>
		47
3.	Posts to be filled by promotion in accordance with Rule 9 of the Indian Police Service (Recruitment Rules) 1954.	11
4.	Posts to be filled by direct recruitment	36
5.	Deputation reserve @ 15% of 4 above	5
6.	Leave Reserve @ 11% of 4 above	4
7.	Junior Posts @ 20.60% of 4 above	7
8.	Training reserve @ 10.59% of 4 above	4
		<hr/>
	Direct Recruitment Posts	56
	Promotion Posts	11
		<hr/>
	Total Authorised Strength	67

[No. 7/19/64-AIS(D).]

New Delhi, the 21st November 1964

G.S.R. 1660.—In pursuance of rule 11 of the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, after consultation with the Government of Mysore, hereby makes the following amendments in Schedule III appended to the said rules.

2. These amendments shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from 20th May, 1964.

Amendments

In the said Schedule III—

(1) under the heading 'A—Posts carrying pay above the time-scale pay in the Indian Administrative Service under the State Governments', against 'Mysore', the following entries shall be added, namely:—

“Development Commissioner and Commissioner for Agricultural Production and Special Secretary to Government for Planning and Agricultural Production.....2250.”

(2) under the heading 'B—Posts carrying pay in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service under the State Governments including posts carrying special pays in addition to pay in the time-scale', against 'Mysore',

(a) the following entry shall be deleted

“Deputy Commissioner for Settlement.”

(b) the following entries shall be added, namely:—

“Director, Anti-Corruption and Inspection,

Deputy Director, Anti-Corruption and Inspection.

Chief Electoral Officer.

Joint Director(s) of Industries and Commerce.

Managing Director, State Warehousing Corporation.

Managing Director, Board of Mineral Development.

Commissioner for Transport.

Director, Social Welfare.

Commissioner for Religious and Charitable Endowments”.

[No. 1/65/64-AIS(II).]

O. S. MARWAH, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 21st November 1964

G.S.R. 1661.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Passport Act, 1920 (34 of 1920), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Indian Passport Rules, 1950, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Indian Passport (Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In clause (iv) of rule 5 of the Indian Passport Rules, 1950, for the words “endorsed by a proper Indian or British diplomatic consular or passport authority” the words “endorsed, by a proper Indian or British diplomatic, consular or passport authority or by such other authority as may be authorised in this behalf by the Central Government,” shall be substituted.

[No. 6/102/64-F.I.]

FATEH SINGH, Jt. Secy.

New Delhi, the 21st November, 1964

THE CENTRAL SECRETARIAT SERVICE (PROMOTION TO GRADE I AND SELECTION GRADE) REGULATIONS, 1964.

G.S.R. 1662.—In pursuance of sub-rule (4) of rule 12 of the Central Secretariat Service Rules, 1962, the Ministry of Home Affairs hereby makes the following regulations, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These regulations may be called the Central Secretariat Service (Promotion to Grade I and Selection Grade) Regulations, 1964.

2. Definitions.—(1) In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) 'eligible officer' means an officer eligible to be considered for appointment to Grade I or the Selection Grade of the Service, as the case may be, under rule 12 of the Central Secretariat Service Rules, 1962, as on the 1st July of the calendar year in which the Select List is prepared;
- (b) 'field of selection' means the list of eligible officers from which a selection will be made for inclusion in the Select List;
- (c) 'Government' means the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs;
- (d) 'Rules' means the Central Secretariat Service Rules, 1962;
- (e) 'Selection Committee' means the Committee constituted in accordance with regulation 4;
- (f) 'Select List' means the list of eligible officers considered fit for appointment to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be, and prepared in accordance with regulation 5.

(2) All other words and expressions used in these regulations and not defined herein shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Central Secretariat Service Rules, 1962.

3. Strength of the Select List and field of selection.—(1) The strength of officers to be included in the Select List for Grade I or the Selection Grade shall be as determined from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs.

(2) The field of selection shall ordinarily extend to five times the number of officers to be included in the Select List, provided that if the required number of officers of the requisite standard are not available in the field so determined, the field may be enlarged to the extent considered necessary by the Selection Committee.

4. Constitution of the Selection Committee.—(1) The Ministry of Home Affairs shall from time to time constitute a Selection Committee consisting of—

- (a) the Chairman or a Member of the Union Public Service Commission, the Establishment Officer, and two other Joint Secretaries to the Government of India, for the preparation of the Select List for Grade I; and
- (b) the Cabinet Secretary, the Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, one of the Secretaries in the Ministry of Finance, and three other Secretaries to the Government of India, for the preparation of the Select List for the Selection Grade.

(2) The Chairman or the Member of the Commission shall preside at all meetings of the Selection Committee for Grade I and the Cabinet Secretary shall preside at all meetings of the Selection Committee for the Selection Grade.

A—Grade I

5. Preparation of the Select List.—(1) A fresh Select List for Grade I shall be prepared at least once every year if on the 1st July of the year the number of officers already included in the Select List for that Grade is below the strength fixed under regulation 3(1). For the purpose of preparing the Select List, the Ministry of Home Affairs shall obtain from the cadre authorities the names of all eligible officers of the Section Officers' Grade included in their respective cadres.

(2) The names of all such eligible officers shall be arranged in a single list by the Ministry of Home Affairs in the following order—

- (a) officers appointed to the Section Officers' Grade before the appointed day and those officers of Grade I of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service substantively appointed to the Section Officers' Grade in any cadre after the appointed day against the Stenographers' quota reserved under rule 13(3), who rank senior to any of the eligible officers

appointed to the Section Officers' Grade before the appointed day, arranged in the order of their seniority in that Grade; and

(b) other officers appointed to the Section Officers' Grade in any cadre after the appointed day, arranged in the following manner, namely:—

- I. They shall first be arranged in the following three groups, namely:—
 - (i) the seniority group—consisting of those appointed to the Section Officers' Grade on the basis of seniority in the Assistants' Grade, arranged according to length of continuous approved service in the Grade;

NOTE.—Officers of Grade I of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service appointed to the Section Officers' Grade in any cadre against the Stenographers' quota reserved under rule 13(3) who are not included in category (a) above shall be included in this group and "length of continuous approved service in the Grade" in their case will include continuous approved service in Grade I of the Central Secretariat Stenographers Service.

- (ii) the departmental examination group—consisting of those appointed to the Grade on the results of the limited departmental competitive examinations held by the Commission, arranged according to the order of their eligibility for inclusion in the Select List for Section Officers' Grade under paragraph 2 of the Fourth Schedule to the Rules;

- (iii) the direct recruits group—consisting of those appointed to the Grade as direct recruits, arranged according to their order of merit in the competitive examination, those appointed from an earlier examination being placed above those appointed from a later examination.

II. They shall then be included in a combined list from the three groups referred to above, by taking one person from the seniority group, one person from the departmental examination group and one person from the direct recruit group, and so on, in that order, persons from each group being taken in the order in which their names are included in that group.

(3) The field of selection shall be determined by the Selection Committee by taking the required number of persons from the single list drawn up under clause (2), in the order of their inclusion in that list.

(4) The Selection Committee shall classify such of the officers included in the field of selection as are considered fit for appointment to Grade I as 'outstanding', 'very good' and 'good', on the basis of merit.

NOTE.—While considering the cases of officers belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, the Selection Committee shall be guided by such instructions as may be issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time.

(5) The recommendations of the Selection Committee, together with the up-to-date confidential records of the concerned officers and such other information as may be relevant, shall be forwarded to the Commission for their advice.

(6) Subject to the orders of Government, the recommendations of the Commission as regards suitability and classification of the concerned officers shall be accepted.

(7) The Select List shall be prepared by including the required number of names first from amongst the officers finally classified as 'outstanding', then from amongst those similarly classified as 'very good' and thereafter from amongst those similarly classified as 'good'. The order of names *inter se* within each category shall be the order in which the names are arranged in the single list prepared under clause (2). The Select List so prepared shall be issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs.

B—Selection Grade

(8) A fresh Select List for the Selection Grade shall be prepared at least once every year if on the 1st July of the year the number of officers already included in the Select List for that Grade is below the strength fixed under regulation 3(1).

(9) The field of selection shall be determined by the Selection Committee by taking the required number of senior most eligible Grade I officers in the order of their seniority.

(10) The Selection Committee shall classify such of the officers included in the field of selection as are considered fit for appointment to the Selection Grade as 'outstanding', 'very good' and 'good', on the basis of merit.

NOTE.—While considering the cases of officers belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, the Selection Committee shall be guided by such instructions as may be issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time.

(11) Subject to the orders of Government, the recommendations of the Selection Committee as regards classification shall be accepted.

(12) The Select List shall be prepared by including the required number of names first from amongst the officers finally classified as 'outstanding' then from amongst those similarly classified as 'very good' and thereafter from amongst those similarly classified as 'good'. The order of names *inter se* within each category shall be according to seniority in Grade I. The Select List so prepared shall be issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs.

6. Removal of names from the Select List.—(1) Subject to the exceptions made under clause (3) of this regulation an officer included in the Select List shall continue to be included therein till he is substantively appointed to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be.

(2) Officers included in the Select List who cannot be appointed to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be, or who are reverted therefrom, for want of vacancies, will continue to be included in the Select List and retain the seniority assigned to them in the List.

(3) The names of persons of the following categories shall be removed from the Select List:—

- (a) persons substantively appointed to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be;
- (b) persons transferred to another Service or post;
- (c) persons who die or retire from service or whose services are otherwise terminated; and
- (d) (i) persons officiating in Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be, beyond the period of trial specified in rule 15, who are reverted therefrom as a result of a departmental enquiry or proceedings under the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1957; or
- (ii) persons who either during or at the end of the period of trial in the respective Grade, prescribed in rule 15, are reverted therefrom under sub-rule (4) of rule 17, on the ground of unfitness to continue in the Grade; or
- (iii) persons not yet promoted on trial to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be, who on an annual review of the Select List are found, because of deterioration in their record or conduct or both since inclusion in the list, to have fallen below the required standard.

7. Saving.—Notwithstanding anything contained in regulation 5, but subject to regulation 6, officers already approved for but not appointed to Grade I or the Selection Grade, as the case may be, before the coming into force of these regulations, shall continue to be eligible for appointment to that Grade.

[No. 28/72/62-CS(A).]

K. THYAGARAJAN, Under Secy.

ORDER

New Delhi, the 20th November 1964

G.S.R. 1663.—Whereas in the opinion of the Central Government the book entitled "FROM OPIUM WAR TO LIBERATION" by Israel Epstein, published

by New World Press, Peking, and printed in the People's Republic of China, contains prejudicial reports as defined in clause (7) of rule 35 of the Defence of India Rules, 1962;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by rule 45 of the Defence of India Rules, 1962, the Central Government hereby—

- (a) prohibits the sale or distribution of the said book or any extract therefrom or of any translation thereof, and declares the said book and every copy or translation thereof or extract therefrom, to be forfeited to Government; and
- (b) directs every person possessing any copy of the said book to deliver the same to the local police authorities.

[No. 41/119/64-Poll. II.]

G. S. KAPOOR, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue & Company Law)

MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1664.—In pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 60 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, the Central Government hereby declares that the new medicinal preparation 'TIXYLIX' manufactured by Messrs May and Baker Limited, Bombay shall be included in the category of unrestricted preparations.

[No. 16/F. No. 45/5(14)/64-Opium.]

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1665.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960.

Amendment

These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1964.

2. In the second Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960 after the existing item at Serial No. 203 and entries relating thereto, the following shall be added, namely:—

"204. Gun Metal Ingots."

[No. 87/F. No. 129/2/64-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1666.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960.

Amendment

These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1964.

2. In the second Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960 after the existing item at Serial No. 204 and entries relating thereto, the following shall be added, namely:—

"205. Domestic and Industrial Electrical appliances."

[No. 88/F. No. 35/12/64-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1667.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960.

Amendment

These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1964.

2. In the first Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, the rates published against item No. 2(x) i.e. Polyvinyl Chloride Composition *vide* this Ministry's Notification No. 2/F. No. 1/39/63-DBK, dated the 30th May, 1964 are hereby withdrawn with immediate effect.

[No. 89/F. No. 1/39/63-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1668.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960.

Amendment

These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1964.

2. In the first Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960, the rates published against item No. 25 *vide* this Ministry's Notification No. 25/F. No. 1/43/63-DBK, dated the 4th April, 1964 are hereby withdrawn with immediate effect.

[No. 90/F. No. 1/43/63-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1669.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960.

Amendment

These rules may be called the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Amendment Rules, 1964.

In the second Schedule to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Export Drawback (General) Rules, 1960 after the existing item at Serial No. 205 and entries relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“206. Plants and Machinery for Asbestos Cement products.”

[No. 91/F. No. 64/18/64-DBK.]

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1670.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 75 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. GSR-575 (55/F. No. 34/86/60-Cus. IV), dated the 28th May, 1960, namely:—

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said notification after the existing item at serial No. 246 and entries thereto the following shall be added, namely:—

“247. Gun Metal Ingots.”

[No. 153/F. No. 129/2/64-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1671.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 75 read with sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. GSR-575 (55/F. No. 34/86/60-Cus. IV), dated the 28th May, 1960, namely:—

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said Notification after the existing item at serial No. 247 and entries thereto, the following shall be added, namely:—

“248. Domestic and Industrial Electrical appliances.”

[No. 154/F. No. 35/12/64-DBK.]

G.S.R. 1672.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 75 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), as in force in India the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. GSR-575 (55/F. No. 34/86/60-Cus. IV), dated the 28th May, 1960, namely:—

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said Notification, after the existing item at Serial No. 248 and entries relating thereto the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“249. Plants and Machinery for Asbestos Cement Products.”

[No. 155/F. No. 64/18/64-DBK.]

J. BANERJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue & Company Law)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1673.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Central Excise (12th Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In the Central Excise Rules, in Appendix I:—

(i) for the existing specimen Form B-15 (Gen. Sur.) under Central Excise Series No. 32-K, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Form B-15 (Gen. Sur.)

Range

Circle

General Bond (with surety) for the due disposal of, and satisfactory accounting of excisable goods on manufacture, for the due arrival and re-warehousing of excisable goods and for removal from time to time for export to a foreign country of manufactured excisable goods without payment of duty.

(Rules, 14, 48 and 154)

We of [hereinafter called “the obligor”] and of [hereinafter called “the surety”] are held and firmly bound to the President of India in the sum of rupees to be paid to the President of India for which payment well and truly to be made we jointly and severally bind ourselves and our respective heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives/successors and assigns by these presents.

Dated this day of

Whereas the obligor applied to the Collector of Central Excise at (hereinafter called the “Collector”) for and obtained licence for the manufacture

and/or storage of at his factory/warehouse at the licence being entered in the Central Excise records as No. dated And whereas the obligor has been permitted to remove from time to time the goods kept in bonded warehouse at to a bonded warehouse situated anywhere in India or *vice versa* and further permitted to remove from time to time the excisable goods from bonded warehouse/licensed factory at for exportation.

The condition of this bond is that if the obligor and his representatives shall observe all the provisions of the Central Excise Rules, 1944 and all such amendments thereto as may be issued from time to time to be observed in respect of:—

- (i) the goods manufactured at the above factory or brought into it for refining or reprocessing, being removed therefrom after the proper duty has been paid or deposited in approved places of storage, or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for;
- (ii) transfer of goods from one bonded warehouse to another; and
- (iii) export of excisable goods to a foreign country.

And if all the dues, whether duty or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the goods produced in the factory and on the goods being admitted to the warehouse as shown by the records of the proper officer of Central Excise be duly paid into the Treasury to the account of the Collector within ten (10) days of the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the Officer of the Central Excise and/or if the relevant and specific goods are duly removed to, and rewarehoused at the bonded warehouse to which they may be permitted to be removed within such time as the proper officer directs and/or if the relevant and specific goods are duly exported to destination within such time as the Collector directs;

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition the same shall be in full force and virtue:

“Provided always that the liability of the surety hereunder shall not be impaired or discharged by reason of any time being granted or any forbearance, act or omission of the Government (whether with or without the knowledge or the consent of the surety) in respect of or in relation to the obligation and condition to be performed or discharged by the obligor, nor shall it be necessary to sue the obligor before suing the surety for amounts due hereunder.”

We further declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Government in the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

In these Presents the words importing singular only shall also include the plural and *vice versa* where the context so requires.

In Witness whereof these Presents have been signed the day hereinbefore written by the Obligor and the surety.

Place

Date

Signature of obligor

Witness (1)
(2)

Address (1)
Address (2)

Occupation (1)
Occupation (2)

Witness (1)
(2)

Address (1)
Address (2)

Occupation (1)
Occupation (2)

Signature of surety

Accepted for and on behalf of the President of India:

Signature and date

Name

Designation

(ii) for the existing specimen Form B-15 (Gen. Sec.) under Central Excise Series No. 32-L, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Form B-15 (Genl-Sec.)

Range

Circle

General Bond (with security) for the due disposal of, and satisfactory accounting of excisable goods on manufacture, for the due arrival and re-warehousing of excisable goods removed from one warehouse to another and for removal from time to time for export to a foreign country of manufactured excisable goods without payment of duty.

(Rules, 14, 48 and 154)

We of [hereinafter called “the obligor”] are held and firmly bound to the President of India (hereinafter called the “President”) in the sum of rupees to be paid to the President for which payment well and truly to be made we jointly and severally bind ourselves and our respective heirs, executors, administrators, legal representatives/successors and assigns by these presents.

Dated this day of

Whereas the obligor has applied to the Collector of Central Excise at (hereinafter called “the Collector”) for and obtained a licence for the manufacture and/or storage of at his factory/warehouse at, the licence being entered in the Central Excise records as No. dated And whereas the obligor has been permitted to remove from time to time the goods kept in bonded warehouse at to a bonded warehouse situated anywhere in India or *vice versa* and further permitted to remove the excisable goods from bonded warehouse/licensed factory at for exportation.

And whereas, the Collector has required the obligor to deposit as security for the amount of this bond

the sum of rupees

the securities as hereinafter mentioned of a total face

AND WHEREAS, the obligor has furnished such guarantee by depositing with in cash

value of rupees endorsed in favour of the

Collector, Deputy Collector or Assistant Collector of

Central Excise, namely:—

And whereas, the obligor has furnished such guarantee by depositing with the Collector the cash/securities as aforementioned.

The condition of this bond is that if the obligor and his representatives shall observe the provisions of Central Excise Rules, 1944, and all such amendments thereto as may be issued from time to time, to be observed in respect of:—

- (i) the goods manufactured at the above factory, or brought into it for refining or reprocessing, being removed therefrom after the proper duty has been paid or deposited in an approved place of storage, or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for;
- (ii) transfer of goods from one bonded warehouse to another; and
- (iii) export of excisable goods to a foreign country.

And if all the dues, whether duty or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the goods being admitted to the warehouse as shown by the records of the proper officer of Central Excise, be duly paid into the Treasury to the account of the Collector within ten (10) days of the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the officer of Central Excise and/or if the relevant and specific goods are duly disposed of and accounted for and are duly removed to and warehoused at bonded warehouse to which they may be permitted to be removed within such time as the proper officer directs and/or if the relevant and specific goods are duly exported to destination within such time as the Collector directs.

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition the same shall be in full force and virtue.

And the President shall, at his option, be competent to make good all the loss and damages from the amount of the security deposit or by enforcing his rights under the above written bond or both.

We declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Government for the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

In these Presents the words importing singular only shall also include the plural and *vice versa* where the context so requires.

In Witness whereof these Presents have been signed the day hereinbefore written by the Obligor.

Place

Date

		Signature of obligor.
Witness (1)	Address (1)	Occupation (1)
(2)	Address (2)	Occupation (2)

Accepted for and on behalf of the President of India:

Signature and date

Name

Designation

[No. 178/64-CE. F. No. 40/44/63-CX.I.]

R. B. SINHA, Under Secy.

(Department of Revenue & Company Law)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1674.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 12-A of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 62/58-Central Excises, dated the 21st June, 1958, namely:—

In the Table annexed to the said Notification, in columns 3 and 4 against Serial No. 5-C, after the entries relating to item (b), the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“(c) Woollen vests of worsted yarn	Rs. 3.50 per kg.
(d) Woollen underpants of worsted yarn.	Rs. 3.15 per kg.”

[No. 179/64-C.E. F. No. 17/54/64-CX.II.]

G.S.R. 1675.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 27/62-Central Excises, dated the 24th April, 1962, namely:—

In sub-clause (i) of clause (1) of the proviso to the said Notification, after item (j), the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

“(k) pharmaceuticals and dyestuffs;”

[No. 180/64-C.E./F. No. 8/89/63-CX.III.]

N. B. SANJANA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

(Department of Agriculture)

New Delhi, the 12th November 1964

G.S.R. 1676.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Andamans Forest Department (Class I and Class II—Gazetted posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963 namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Andamans Forest Department (Class I and Class II—Gazetted posts) Recruitment (Third Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In the Schedule to the Andamans Forest Department (Class I and Class II—Gazetted posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963, against item No. 1, for the entry in columns 10 and 11 the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

“Central/State/Union Territory Forest Officers, who have put in not less than 15 years of service in a Gazetted rank, out of which 3 years should be as Conservator of Forests will be considered for appointment to the post.

If a Conservator of Forests from the Andamans Forest Department is selected for appointment, then the post will be treated as having been filled by promotion. Otherwise the post will be treated as having been filled by deputation.

In case the post is filled by deputation, the period of deputation should not ordinarily exceed five years.”

[No. 6-72/58-F.II.]

M. SUBRAMANIAN, Dy. Secy.

ERRATUM

In the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food), Order No. 205(GDD) (2)/752/64-PY II, dated 9th November, 1964, published as G.S.R. 1628 in the Gazette of India, dated 14th November, 1964, the following correction is to be made:—

At page 1790, Form II, line five—

For “Subject to the provisions of Wheat Flour Mills (Licensing and Control)”

Read “Subject to the provisions of Wheat Roller Flour Mills (Licensing and Control)”

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS

New Delhi, the 9th November 1964

G.S.R. 1677.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules to amend the Overseas Communications Service (Class II posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Transport and Communications (Departments of Communications and Civil Aviation) No. G.S.R. 1333, dated the 31st July, 1963, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Overseas Communications Service (Class II posts) Recruitment (Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In the Overseas Communications Service (Class II posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963,—

(i) after rule 5, the following rules shall be inserted, namely:—

“6. **Liability to serve in the Defence Service.**—Any person appointed to the post of Assistant Engineer or Technical Assistant on or after the 9th November, 1964, shall, if so required, be liable to serve in any

Defence Service or post connected with the Defence of India, for a period of not less than four years including the period spent on training, if any:

Provided that such person—

- (a) shall not be required to serve as aforesaid after the expiry of ten years from the date of appointment;
- (b) shall not ordinarily be required to serve as aforesaid after attaining the age of forty years.

7. *Relaxation.*—Where the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, after consultation with the Union Public Service Commission, by order and for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons;”

(II) in the Schedule,—

- (a) to the entries under column 10, against serial number, 2, the following Note shall be added, namely:—

“Note.—50 per cent of the permanent vacancies which may, but for this Note, be filled up by persons recruited on the basis of any competitive examination or selection held or made at any time not earlier than the 17th May, 1963, will be reserved for being filled up on a permanent basis by such graduate engineers who—

- (i) are commissioned in the Armed Forces on a temporary basis during the period when the Proclamation of Emergency issued by the President under article 352 of the Constitution on the 26th day of October, 1962, is in force, and are released after rendering satisfactory military service; and
- (ii) would have been eligible for competing for the vacancies, if they had not joined the Armed Forces, and are, at the time when they are considered for appointment, physically fit according to the rules applicable.

The vacancies so reserved may, until such time as they are filled up on a permanent basis in accordance with the provisions of this Note, be filled up on a temporary basis.”

- (b) after serial number 6 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
6A. Administrative Officer.	1	General Central Service Class II Gazetted (Non-Ministerial).	Rs. 590—30—830—35—900.	Selection	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	No	2 years	By promotion.	Promotion: Assistant Administrative Officer (scale Rs. 375—650) with 3 years service in the grade.	Class II Departmental Promotion Committee	As required under the rules.
6B Assistant Administrative Officer.	4	General Central Service Class II Gazetted Ministerial.	Rs. 375—25—500—30—590—EB—30—650.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Promotion: Superintendent (scale Rs. 335—15—425) with 3 years service in the grade.	Do.	Do.

(c) after serial number 7 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

1		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
8. Technical Assistant.	113	General Central Service Class II Non-Gazetted.	Rs. 325—15—475—EB—20—575.	Not applicable.	Age limits and qualifications as for the competitive examination of the Combined Engineering (Electronics) Services Examination held by the Union Public Service Commission.	Not applicable.	2 years	Direct* recruitment.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	As required under the rules.

*Note.—50 per cent of the permanent vacancies which may, but for this Note, be filled up by persons recruited on the basis of any competitive examination or selection held or made at any time not earlier than the 17th May, 1963, will be reserved for being filled up on a permanent basis by such graduate Engineers who—

- (i) are commissioned in the Armed Forces on a temporary basis during the period when the Proclamation of Emergency issued by the President under article 352 of the constitution on the 26th day of October, 1962, is in force, and are released after rendering satisfactory military service; and
- (ii) would have been eligible for competing for the said vacancies, if they had not joined the Armed Forces, and are, at the time when they are considered for appointment, physically fit according to the rules applicable.

The vacancies so reserved may, until such time as they are filled up on a permanent basis in accordance with the provisions of this Note, be filled up on a temporary basis."

[No. 2-OC(18)/54.]

G.S.R. 1678.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules to amend the Overseas Communications Service (Class I Posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Transport & Communications (Departments of Communications and Civil Aviation) No. G.S.R. 1332, dated the 31st July, 1963, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Overseas Communications Service (Class I posts) Recruitment (Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In the Overseas Communications Service (Class I posts) Recruitment Rules, 1963,—

(i) after rule 5, the following rules shall be inserted, namely:—

"6. *Liability to serve in the Defence Service.*—Any person appointed to the post of Chief Engineer, Engineer-in-Charge or Deputy Engineer-in-Charge on or after the 9th November, 1964, shall, if so required, be liable to serve in any Defence Service or post connected with the Defence of India, for a period of not less than four years including the period spent on training, if any;

Provided that such person,—

- (a) shall not be required to serve as aforesaid after the expiry of ten years from the date of appointment;
- (b) shall not ordinarily be required to serve as aforesaid after attaining the age of forty years.

7. **Relaxation.**—Where the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, after consultation with the Union Public Service Commission, by order and for reasons to be

recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.”;

(ii) in the Schedule,—

(a) after serial number 5 and the entries relating thereto, the following serial number and entries shall be inserted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
"5A Deputy Director (Traffic).	2	Central Civil Service Class I.	Rs. 700—40— 1100— 50/2— 1250.	Selection.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Two years.	Promo- tion failing which by trans- fer.	<i>Promotion:</i> (i) Traffic Manager (ii) Traffic Accounts Officer (with] a minimum of 3 year service in these grades) <i>Transfer:</i> (i) Senior Traffic Manager. (ii) Engin- eer-in- Charge.	Class I Department- al promo- tion Committee.	As re- quired under the rules."

(b) to the entries under column 10, against serial number 7, the following Note shall be added, namely:—

“NOTE.—50 per cent of the permanent vacancies which may, but for this Note, be filled up by persons recruited on the basis of any competitive examination or selection held or made any time not earlier than the 17th May, 1963 will be reserved for being filled up on a permanent basis by such graduate Engineers who—

- (i) are commissioned in the Armed Forces on a temporary basis during the period when the Proclamation of Emergency issued by the President under article 352 of the Constitution on the 26th day of October, 1962 is in force, and are released after rendering satisfactory military service; and
- (ii) would have been eligible for competing for the said vacancies, if they had not joined the Armed Forces, and are, at the time when they are considered for appointment, physically fit according to the rules applicable.

The vacancies so reserved, may, until such time as they are filled up on a permanent basis in accordance with the provisions of this Note, be filled up on a temporary basis.”

[No. 2-OC(18)/54.]

T. R. MANTAN, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF REHABILITATION

(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)

New Delhi, the 16th November 1964

G.S.R. 1679.—R/Amdt:LXXVIII.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 40 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Rules, 1955, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Third Amendment Rules, 1964.

(2) They shall come into force with immediate effect.

2. In the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Rules, 1955, in rule 109, in sub-rule (2), the following words shall be omitted, namely:—

“The proforma account after audit by the Comptroller and Auditor-General shall be incorporated in the Appropriation Accounts”.

(Amendment No. LXXVIII, dated 16-11-1964).

[No. F. 12(5) Comp. & Prop/64.]

G. D. KSHETRAPAL, Jt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 18th November 1964

G.S.R. 1680.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment of persons to the General Central Service Class I posts in the Town and Country Planning Organisation, New Delhi, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Town and Country Planning Organisation, New Delhi (Class I post of Director) Recruitment Rules, 1964.

2. **Application.**—These rules shall apply to the posts specified in column I of the Schedule annexed to these rules.

3. **Number, Classification and Scale of Pay.**—The number of posts, their classification and the scales of pay attached to them shall be as specified in columns 2 to 4 of the said Schedule.

4. Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications.—The method of recruitment, age limit, qualifications and other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the Schedule aforesaid.

5. Disqualification.—(1) No person, who has more than one wife living or who, having a spouse living, marries in any case in which such marriage is void by reason of its taking place during the life-time of such spouse, shall be eligible for appointment to the post; and

(2) no woman, whose marriage is void by reason of the husband having a wife living at the time of such marriage, or who has married a person who has a wife living at the time of such marriage, shall be eligible for appointment to the post:

Provided that the Central Government may, if satisfied that there are special grounds for so ordering, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

SCHEDULE

Recruitment rules for the Post of Director, Town and Country Planning Organisation in Ministry of Health

Name of post	No. of Posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether Selection Post or non-selection Post	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of Promotees.	Period of probation, if any	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or by deputation/transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of rectt. by promotion, deputation/transfer, grades from which promotion, deputation/transfer to be made	If a DPC exists, what is its composition	Circumstances in which U.P.S.C. is to be consulted in making rectt.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Director	1	General Central Service Class I	Rs. 1300-60-1600.	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	By transfer on deputation	Transfer on deputation Suitable officers of the I. A. S. or Central Civil Services, Class I. (Period of deputation—ordinarily not exceeding 4 years).	Not applicable	As required under the rules

[No. 16-23/62-LSG(D)]

A. P. MATHUR, Under Secy.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY*New Delhi, the 21st November 1964*

G.S.R. 1681.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour No. PF. 15(5)/48, dated the 11th December, 1948, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Coal Mines Provident Fund (Ninth Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme, in sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 65B, for the words “seven years’” and “rupees five hundred” the following words shall respectively be substituted, namely:—

“ten years’” and “rupees one thousand”.

[No. 2(286)/62-PF-I/I.]

G.S.R. 1682.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 657, dated the 12th March, 1956, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Provident Fund (Sixth Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme, in sub-paragraph (4) of Paragraph 43B, for the words “seven years’” and “Rupees five hundred”, the words “ten years’” and “rupees one thousand”, shall respectively be substituted.

[No. 2(286)/62-PF-I/II.]

G.S.R. 1683.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Rajasthan Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. S.O. 32, dated the 11th February, 1958, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Rajasthan Coal Mines Provident Fund (Sixth Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Rajasthan Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme, in sub-paragraph (4) of Paragraph 42B, for the words “seven years’” and “rupees five hundred”, the words “ten years’” and “rupees one thousand”, shall respectively be substituted.

[No. 2(286)/62-PF-I/III.]

CORRIGENDA*New Delhi, the 18th November 1964*

G.S.R. 1684.—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment, No. G.S.R. 1501, dated the 6th November, 1962, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, sub-section (i) dated the 10th November, 1962, in clause (e) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 69, the word “or” shall be added at the end.

[No. 3/19/62/PF-II.]

G.S.R. 1685.—In the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. G.S.R. 633, dated the 30th April, 1962, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, Section 3, sub-section (i), dated the 5th May, 1962, the word “or” occurring at the end of the Explanation below clause (b) of paragraph 69, shall be omitted.

[No. 3/19/62/PF-II.]

SHAH AZIZ AHMAD, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 23rd November 1964

G.S.R. 1686.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Assam Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. S.R.O. 2042, dated the 8th September, 1955, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Assam Coal Mines Bonus (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Assam Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, for sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 7, the following sub-paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) If a strike or a lockout takes place in a coal mine, the employer or the employee or any association of employers or any union of workers shall, if such employer, employee, association or union, as the case may be considers the strike or the lockout to be illegal, within 30 days from the commencement of the strike or the lockout, make an application in triplicate in Form XII (with enclosures also in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) having jurisdiction in the area in which the coal mine is situated or to any other officer specified by the Central Government in this behalf, for decision whether the strike or the lockout, is legal or illegal.”

FORM XII

[See Paragraph 7(1)]

APPLICATION FOR DECLARING STRIKE/LOCKOUT ILLEGAL UNDER THE ASSAM COAL MINES BONUS SCHEME

1. Name and full address of the applicant.
2. Name and address of the colliery.
3. Date and time of commencement of strike/lock-out.
4. Date and time of termination of strike/lock-out.
5. (a) Total number of employees employed in the colliery.
- (b) Total number of employees involved directly in the strike/lock-out.
- (c) Sections/categories of employees involved in the strike/lock-out.
6. Reasons for the strike/lock-out.
7. Was notice of strike/lock-out given. If so, a copy should be enclosed.
8. Name(s) and address(es) of registered Trade Unions at the colliery.
9. Reasons/grounds for which the strike or lock-out is sought to be declared illegal.
10. Particulars of enclosures, if any.

DECLARATION

I do hereby solemnly declare that the particulars furnished above are true to the best of my knowledge/or information derived from, of, which I verily believe to be true. (*)

Signature of the applicant.

Designation.....

Station.....

Date.....

*(Strike out the portion which is inapplicable).

Forwarded (in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) for necessary action.

[No. 3(220)64/PF.I/IV-LR.II.]

G.S.R. 1687.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour No. S.R.O. 1705, dated the 4th October, 1952, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Bonus (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Andhra Pradesh Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, for sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 7, the following sub-paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) If a strike or a lockout takes place in a coal mine, the employer or the employee or any association of employers or any union of workers shall, if such employer, employee, association or union, as the case may be considers the strike or the lockout to be illegal, within 30 days from the commencement of the strike or the lockout, make an application in triplicate in Form XII (with enclosures also in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) having jurisdiction in the area in which the coal mine is situated or to any other officer specified by the Central Government in this behalf, for decision whether the strike or the lockout, is legal or illegal.”

FORM XII

[See Paragraph 7(1)]

APPLICATION FOR DECLARING STRIKE/LOCKOUT ILLEGAL UNDER THE
ANDHRA PRADESH COAL MINES BONUS SCHEME

1. Name and full address of the applicant.
2. Name and address of the colliery.
3. Date and time of commencement of strike/lock-out.
4. Date and time of termination or strike/lock-out.
5. (a) Total number of employees employed in the colliery.
- (b) Total number of employees involved directly in the strike/lock-out.
- (c) Sections/categories of employees involved in the strike/lock-out.
6. Reasons for the strike/lock-out.
7. Was notice of strike/lock-out given. If so, a copy should be enclosed.
8. Name(s) and address(es) of registered Trade Unions at the colliery.

9. Reasons/grounds for which the strike or lock-out is sought to be declared illegal.
10. Particulars of enclosures, if any.

DECLARATION

I do hereby solemnly declare that the particulars furnished above are true to the best of my knowledge/or information derived from, of, which I verily believe to be true. (*)

Signature of the applicant.
Designation.....

Station.....

Date.....

*(Strike out the portion which is inapplicable).

Forwarded (in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) for necessary action.

[No. 3(220)64/PF.I/II-LR.II.]

G.S.R. 1688.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Rajasthan Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour, No. S.R.O. 3643, dated the 17th December, 1954, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Rajasthan Coal Mines Bonus (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Rajasthan Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, for sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 7, the following sub-paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) If a strike or a lockout takes place in a coal mine, the employer or the employee or any association of employers or any union of workers shall, if such employer, employee, association or union, as the case may be, considers the strike or the lockout to be illegal, within 30 days from the commencement of the strike or the lockout, make an application in triplicate in Form XII (with enclosures also in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) having jurisdiction in the area in which the coal mine is situated or to any other officer specified by the Central Government in this behalf, for decision whether the strike or the lockout, is legal or illegal.”

FORM XII

[See Paragraph 7(1)]

APPLICATION FOR DECLARING STRIKE/LOCKOUT ILLEGAL UNDER THE RAJASTHAN COAL MINES BONUS SCHEME

1. Name and full address of the applicant.
2. Name and address of the colliery.
3. Date and time of commencement of strike/lock-out.
4. Date and time of termination of strike/lock-out.
5. (a) Total number of employees employed in the colliery.
(b) Total number of employees involved directly in the strike/lock-out.
(c) Sections/categories of employees involved in the strike/lock-out.

6. Reasons for the strike/lock-out.
7. Was notice of strike/lock-out given. If so, a copy should be enclosed.
8. Name(s) and address(es) of registered Trade Unions at the colliery.
9. Reasons/grounds for which the strike or lock-out is sought to be declared illegal.
10. Particulars of enclosures, if any.

DECLARATION

I do hereby solemnly declare that the particulars furnished above are true to the best of my knowledge/or information derived from, of, which I verily believe to be true. (*)

.....
Signature of the applicant.

Designation.....

Station.....

Date.....

*(Strike out the portion which is inapplicable).

Forwarded (in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) for necessary action.

[No. 3 (220) 64/PF.I/III-LR.II.]

G.S.R. 1689.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 read with section 7 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (46 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following Scheme further to amend the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour, No. PF.16(1)/48, dated the 3rd July, 1948, namely:—

1. This Scheme may be called the Coal Mines Bonus (Second Amendment) Scheme, 1964.

2. In the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme, for sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 8, the following sub-paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) If a strike or a lockout takes place in a coal mine, the employer or the employee or any association of employers or any union of workers shall, if such employer, employee, association or union, as the case may be, considers the strike or the lockout to be illegal within 30 days from the commencement of the strike or the lockout, make an application in triplicate in Form XII (with enclosures also in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) having jurisdiction in the area in which the coal mine is situated or to any other officer specified by the Central Government in this behalf, for decision as to whether the strike or the lockout, is legal or illegal.”

FORM XII

[See Paragraph 8(1)]

APPLICATION FOR DECLARING STRIKE/LOCKOUT ILLEGAL UNDER THE COAL MINES BONUS SCHEME

1. Name and full address of the applicant.
2. Name and address of the colliery.
3. Date and time of commencement of strike/lock-out.
4. Date and time of termination of strike/lock-out.

5. (a) Total number of employees employed in the colliery.
- (b) Total number of employees involved directly in the strike/lock-out.
- (c) Sections/categories of employees involved in the strike/lock-out.
6. Reasons for the strike/lock-out.
7. Was notice of strike/lock-out given. If so, a copy should be enclosed.
8. Name(s) and address(es) of registered Trade Unions at the colliery.
9. Reasons/grounds for which the strike or lock-out is sought to be declared illegal.
10. Particulars of enclosures, if any.

DECLARATION

I do hereby solemnly declare that the particulars furnished above are true to the best of my knowledge/or information derived from, of, which I verily believe to be true. (*)

.....
Signature of the applicant.
Designation.....

Station.....

Date.....

*(Strike out the portion which is inapplicable).

Forwarded (in triplicate) to the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central)
..... for necessary action.

[No. 3(220)64/PF.I/1/LR.II.]

H. C. MANGHANI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, the 28th November 1964

G.S.R. 1690.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the Indian Railways, namely:—

RULES

PART I—GENERAL

METHOD OF RECRUITMENT

1. *Short title.*—These Rules may be called the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways Recruitment Rules, 1964.

2. *Definitions.*—For the purpose of these Rules—

- (a) "Government" means the Government of India;
- (b) "Commission" means the Union Public Service Commission;
- (c) "Service" means service in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways;
- (d) The expressions 'Scheduled Castes' and 'Scheduled Tribes' shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Constitution.

3. *Methods of Recruitment.*—Recruitment to the Service shall be by the following methods:—

- (a) by appointment of candidates as Special Class Apprentices on the results of an examination to be held in India in accordance with Part II of these Rules;
- (b) by competitive examination held in India;
- (c) by promotion of specially qualified Class II officers including officiating Class II Officers of the ME&T(P) Department and of the Personnel Branch. Not more than 33-1/3 per cent of the vacancies would be filled by departmental promotion, 29-1/3% being earmarked for officers of the ME&T(P) Department and the remaining 4 per cent for officers of the Personnel Branch. These percentages are likely to be varied from time to time, if necessary.
- (d) by occasional admission of other qualified persons appointed by the President in consultation with the Commission.

NOTE.—Candidates selected as Special Class Apprentices under clause (a) shall be required to undergo practical and theoretical training. For the period and courses of training and the terms and conditions of apprenticeship see Appendix IV.

4. *Vacancies etc. determined by Government.*—Subject to the provisions of Rule 3 the Government shall determine the method or methods to be employed for the purpose of filling any particular vacancies, or such vacancies as may require to be filled during any particular period and the number of candidates to be recruited by each method.

5. *Special Representation.*—Appointments to the Service made otherwise than by promotion will be subject to the orders issued from time to time by the Ministry of Home Affairs regarding special representation in the Service for specific sections of the people.

PART II

QUALIFICATIONS OF CANDIDATES AND METHODS OF SELECTION OF SPECIAL CLASS APPRENTICES RECRUITED UNDER RULE 3(a)

6. *Competitive Examination.*—An examination for selection of candidates for appointment as Special Class Apprentices in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways shall be held in India at such times and places as may be prescribed in the Notice issued by the Commission. Every such notice shall, when possible, announce the number of vacancies to be filled on the result of the examination.

7. *Conduct of Examination.*—(a) The examination shall be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in Appendix II to this Notification.

(b) The dates on which and the places at which the examination shall be held shall be fixed by the Commission.

8. *Eligibility.*—A candidate must be either—

- (a) a citizen of India, or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim, or
- (c) a subject of Nepal, or
- (d) a subject of Bhutan, or
- (e) a Tibetan refugee who came over to India, before the 1st January, 1962, with the intention of permanently settling in India, or
- (f) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India;

Provided that a candidate belonging to categories (c), (d), (e) and (f) above shall be a person in whose favour a certificate of eligibility has been granted by the Government and if he belongs to Category (f) the certificate of eligibility will be valid only for a period of one year from the date of his appointment, beyond which such a candidate will be retained in service subject to his having acquired Indian citizenship.

Certificate of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories:—

- (i) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan before the nineteenth day of July, 1948, and have ordinarily been residing in India since then.
- (ii) Persons who migrated to India from Pakistan on or after the nineteenth day of July, 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens of India under Article 6 of the Constitution.
- (iii) Non-citizens in category (f) above who entered service under the Government of India before the commencement of the Constitution, viz., 26th January, 1950, and who have continued in such service since then without a break. Any such person who re-entered or may re-enter such service with break after the 26th January, 1950, will, however, require certificate of eligibility in the usual way.

A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also be provisionally appointed subject to the necessary certificate being granted in his favour by the Government.

9. *Disqualification*.—(i) No male candidate who has more than one wife living or who, having a spouse living, marries in any case in which such marriage is void by reason of its taking place during the life-time of such spouse, shall be eligible for appointment to the Service, appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so exempt any male candidate from the operation of this rule.

(ii) No female candidate whose marriage is void by reason of the husband having a wife living at the time of such marriage or who has married a person who has a wife living at the time of such marriage shall be eligible for appointment to the Service, appointments to which are made on the results of this competitive examination unless the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any female candidate from the operation of this rule.

10. (a) *Age limits*.—A candidate must have attained the age of 16 years and must not have attained the age of 19 years on the 1st January of the year in which the examination is held:

Provided that with respect to the examination to be held in the year 1965, candidates who have been born earlier than 2nd January 1946 but not earlier than 4th August 1945 shall also be eligible for admission to that examination.

(b) The upper age limit prescribed above will be relaxable—

- (i) upto a maximum of five years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe;
- (ii) up to a maximum of three years if a candidate is a *bona fide* displaced person from East Pakistan and has migrated to India on or after January 1, 1964. This concession shall not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at three previous examinations.
- (iii) up to a maximum of eight years if a candidate belongs to a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe and is also a *bona fide* displaced person from East Pakistan and has migrated to India on or after January 1, 1964. This concession shall not, however, be admissible to a candidate who has already appeared at eight previous examinations.
- (iv) upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former French Settlements which have now become part of India; and has been receiving his education through the medium of French;
- (v) upto a maximum of four years if a candidate is a resident of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands;
- (vi) upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is an Indian citizen and is a repatriate from Ceylon; and
- (vii) upto a maximum of three years if a candidate is a resident of the former Portuguese Territories of Goa, Daman and Diu in India.

SAVE AS PROVIDED ABOVE. THE AGE LIMITS PRESCRIBED CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED.

11. *Qualifications.*—A candidate—

- (a) must have passed in the first or second division the Intermediate or an equivalent Examination of a University or Board approved by the Government of India with Mathematics and at least one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination.

Graduates with Mathematics and at least one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as their degree subjects may also apply; or

- (b) must have passed the first year Examination under the three-year degree course of a University with Mathematics and at least one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry as subjects of the examination and must have been promoted to the second year, provided that before joining the degree course he passed the Higher Secondary Examination or the Pre-University or equivalent Examination in the first or second division or obtained the Cambridge School Certificate with at least five credits including credits in Mathematics and at least in one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry.

Candidates who have passed the first/second year Examination under the three-year degree course in the first or second division with Mathematics and either Physics or Chemistry as subjects of the Examination may also apply, provided the first/second year Examination is conducted by a University; or

- (c) must have passed in the first or second division the pre-Engineering Examination of the Delhi Polytechnic, Delhi, or of a University approved by the Government of India; or

- (d) must have passed in the first or second division the pre-professional/pre-technological Examination of an Indian University or a recognised Board conducted one year after the Higher Secondary or pre-University stage; or

- (e) must have passed the first year Examination under the five year Engineering Degree course of a University and must have been promoted to the second year, provided that before joining the Degree course, he passed the Higher Secondary Examination or Pre-University or equivalent examination in the first or second division or obtained the Cambridge School Certificate with at least five credits including credits in Mathematics and at least in one of the subjects Physics and Chemistry.

Candidates who have passed the first year Examination of the five year Engineering Degree Course in the first or second division may also apply, provided the first year Examination is conducted by a University.

NOTE 1.—Candidates who are not awarded any specific division by the University/Board either in their Intermediate or any other examination mentioned above will be considered educationally eligible provided their aggregate of marks falls within the range of marks for first or second division as prescribed by the University/Board concerned.

NOTE 2.—In exceptional cases, the Commission may treat a candidate, who has not any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, as educationally qualified provided that he has passed examinations conducted by other institutions, the standard of which, in the opinion of the Commission, justifies his admission to the examination.

NOTE 3.—A candidate who has appeared at an examination the passing of which would render him eligible to appear at the examination but has not been informed of the result, may apply for admission to the examination. A candidate who intends to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply provided that the qualifying examination is completed before the commencement of this examination. Such candidate will be admitted to the examination, if otherwise eligible, but the admission would be deemed to be provisional and subject to cancellation if he does not produce proof of having passed the examination, as soon as possible, and in any case not later than two months after the commencement of this examination.

12. *Physical Test.*—A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the discharge of his duties as an officer of the service. A candidate, who after such medical examination as Government or the appointing authority, as the case may be, may prescribe is found not to satisfy these requirements, will not be appointed. Only such candidates as are likely to be considered for appointment will be medically examined.

NOTE.—In order to prevent disappointment candidates are advised to have themselves examined by a Government medical officer of the standing of a Civil Surgeon, before applying for admission to the examination. Particulars of the nature of the medical test to which candidates will be subjected before appointment and of the standards required are given in Appendix III.

13. *Admission Certificate.*—The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate for admission to the examination shall be final.

No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

14. *Misconduct.*—A candidate who is or has been declared by the Commission guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or of suppressing material information or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination, or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or of misbehaviour in the examination hall, may in addition to rendering himself liable to criminal prosecution,—

(a) be debarred permanently or for a specified period:—

(i) by the Commission, from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission, for selection of candidates; and

(ii) by the Central Government from employment under them;

(b) be liable to disciplinary action under the appropriate rules, if he is already in service under Government.

15. *Attempt to Influence.*—Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by any means may disqualify him for admission.

16. *Fees.*—Candidates must pay the fees prescribed in Appendix I.

No claim for a refund of the fees will be entertained except to the extent stated in that Appendix nor can the fees be held in reserve for any examination or selection.

17. *Qualification for Personality Test.*—Candidates who obtain such minimum qualifying marks in the written examination, as may be fixed by the Commission in their discretion, shall be summoned by them for the Personality Test.

18. *Merit list.*—After the examination, the candidates will be arranged by the Commission in the order of merit as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each candidate; and in that order so many candidates as are found by the Commission in their discretion to be qualified by the examination shall be recommended for appointment up to the number of unreserved vacancies decided to be filled on the results of the examination:

Provided that any candidate belonging to the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes who though not qualified by the standard prescribed by the Commission for the Service, is declared by them to be suitable for appointment thereto with due regard to maintenance of efficiency of administration, shall be recommended for appointment to vacancies reserved for members of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, as the case may be, in the Service.

Success in the examination confers no right to an appointment, unless Government are satisfied, after such an enquiry as may be considered necessary that the candidate is suitable in all respects for appointment to the Railway Service.

19. *Communication of Result.*—The form and manner of communication of the result of the examination to individual candidates shall be decided by the Commission in their discretion.

APPENDIX I

Fees

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees:

(a) To the Commission:

Rs. 37.50 paise (Rs. 9.37 paise in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) with the completed application form.

This amount should be paid by means of Treasury Receipt or CROSSED Indian Postal Orders payable to the Secretary, Union Public Service Commission. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

(b) To the General Manager of the Railway who arranges for the medical examination.

Rs. 16.00 before examination by a Medical Board if selected for appointment.

2. Once an application has been considered by the Commission and their decision admitting a candidate to the examination communicated to him, no claim from the candidate for a refund of the fee paid by him to the Commission will be entertained, nor can the fees be held in reserve for any other examination or selection. If, however, a candidate is not admitted to the examination by the Commission, a refund of Rs. 30.00 (Rs. 7.50 paise in the case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) will be made to him.

3. The Commission may at their discretion remit the prescribed fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a *bona fide* displaced person from East Pakistan and has migrated to India on or after January 1, 1964, and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee.

APPENDIX II

[See Rules 3(a) and 7(a)]

The examination shall be conducted according to the following plan:

Part I—Written examination carrying a maximum of 700 marks in the subjects as shown below;

Part II—Personality Test (including psychological tests) carrying a maximum of 500 marks. (Vide Rule 17).

2. The subjects of the written examination under Part I, the time allowed and the maximum marks allotted to each subject/paper shall be as follows:—

S. No.	Subject	Time Allowed	Maximum Marks
1.	English	2 hours	150
2.	General Knowledge and Current Affairs.		
	PAPER I		
	Current Affairs and History	2 hours	125
	PAPER II		
	Science and Geography	2 hours	125
	Mathematics		
	PAPER I		
	Algebra, Plane Geometry and Elementary Mensuration, and Analytical Geometry	2 hours	150
	PAPER II		
	Elementary Trigonometry, Elements of Differential Calculus, and Statics and Dynamics	2 hours	150

3. Candidates are expected to be familiar with the Metric System of Weights and Measures. In the Question Papers, wherever necessary, questions involving the use of Metric System of Weights and Measures may be set.

4. Question papers will be approximately of the Intermediate standard.
5. All papers must be answered in English.
6. Candidates must write the answers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write the answers for them.
7. The syllabus for the examination will be as shown in the attached Schedule.
8. The Commission have the discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.
9. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Commission may consider necessary in order to ensure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.
10. Deduction upto 5 per cent of the maximum marks for the written subject will be made for illegible handwriting.

SCHEDULE

ENGLISH

The questions will be designed to test the candidate's understanding and command of the language. Amongst other tests a passage will be set for the precis.

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND CURRENT AFFAIRS

There will be two papers:

Paper I—Dealing mainly with Current Affairs and History.

Papers II—Dealing with Science and Geography.

The following syllabus is designed to indicate the scope of each subject included in these papers. The topics mentioned are not to be regarded as exhaustive and questions on topics of similar nature and not mentioned in the syllabus may also be asked. Candidates' answers are expected to show their intelligent understanding of the questions and not detailed knowledge of any text books.

PAPER I

CURRENT AFFAIRS.—Knowledge of important events that have happened in India during the past two years. India's system of Government. Important measures of legislation whether undertaken by the Parliament or State Legislatures. Broad questions of India's policy relating to foreign affairs. Questions set will test the factual knowledge of candidate.

World events of international importance. Important personalities, both Indian and foreign. Sports and other cultural activities of outstanding importance.

Indian History.—Broad outline knowledge of Indian History. Knowledge of India's ancient culture and civilization as disclosed by monuments, ancient buildings and masterpieces of literature. Growth of self-government. Main stages in the national movement leading to Independence.

World History.—Elementary knowledge of major events in world history. Reforms of national movements such as represented by the French Revolution, Industrial Revolution in the U.K. the American War of Independence, the foundation of U.S.S.R., World Wars I and II, Modern freedom movements in Asia.

PAPER II

SCIENCE—

Physics.—Physical properties and states of matters and simple measurements of mass, weight, density and specific gravity.

Motion of object: Velocity, acceleration, force, gravity.

Effects of heat, measurement of temperature, transference of heat, change of state.

Rectilinear propagation of light, phenomenon of reflection and refraction.

Natural and artificial magnet.—properties of a magnet.

Electricity, static and current, conductors, and non conductors, heating, lighting and magnetic effects of currents.

Chemistry.—Physical and chemical changes, elements, mixtures and compounds, chemical properties of air, chemical composition of water. Preparation and properties of Oxygen, Hydrogen and Nitrogen, Acids, Bases and Salts, Carbon Coal, Carbondioxide.

GENERAL

Elementary knowledge of the human body and its important organs.

Names and use of common animals, trees, plants, flowers, birds and minerals.

Common epidemics, their causes, means of prevention and cure.

Eminent Scientists and their achievements.

GEOGRAPHY—

The shape and movements of the earth. Time, Night and Day and the Seasons, Climate and Weather—the main climatic and vegetation regions. The Earth's crust-erosion, transportation and deposition: earthquakes and volcanoes. Tides and Ocean currents. Maps.

Human occupations and activities in relation to Geographical factors.

The Geography of India with special reference to the above.

MATHEMATICS

There will be two papers.

Paper I—Algebra, Plane Geometry and Elementary Mensuration, and Analytical Geometry.

Paper II—Elementary Trigonometry, Elements of Differential Calculus, and Statics and Dynamics.

The following syllabus is designed to indicate the scope of each subject included in these papers. The questions will be of a type to test the candidate's understanding of and the power of applying the basic principles of the subject rather than his knowledge of book work and standard methods.

PAPER I

Algebra.—Formulae, their evaluation and transformation, motion of a function; rate of change; factors; fractions; the gradient and area of a graph; quadratic expressions; solution of equations, linear and quadratic, simple and simultaneous; use of Logarithms; simple properties of positive, negative and fractional indices, Arithmetical and Geometrical progression.

Plane Geometry and Elementary Mensuration of prism pyramid, right circular Cone and Cylinder

The substance of Euclid's six books; elementary ideas in Solid Geometry; Planes, rectangular blocks, Wedges, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres.

Analytical Geometry

Simple properties of straight lines, circle, parabola, ellipse and hyperbola.

NOTE.—Candidates will be allowed the use of four-figure Log Tables.

PAPER II

Elementary Trigonometry

Trigonometrical ratios and their graphs; addition theorems; identities; simple trigonometrical equations; heights and distances.

Elements of Differential Calculus

Differentiation of simple functions, application to tangents and normals of simple curves.

Statics and Dynamics

Statics.—Coplaner forces; simple cases of equilibrium; moments; centre of gravity; work and power; simple machines.

Dynamics.—Velocity; acceleration; motion under gravity in a vertical plane and down a smooth inclined plane, motion of two masses connected by a string; conservation of energy.

NOTE.—Candidates will be allowed the use of four-figure Log Tables.

PERSONALITY TEST

Psychological Tests.—Candidates called for Personality Test will be required to undergo psychological tests designed to assess their basic intelligence and mechanical aptitude.

Interview.—Each candidate will be interviewed by a Board who will have before them a record of his career, both academic and extramural. They will be asked questions on matters of general interest. Special attention will be paid to assessing their potential qualities of leadership, initiative and intellectual curiosity, tact and other social qualities, mental and physical energy, power of practical application and integrity of character.

APPENDIX III

FEES

Candidates seeking admission to the examination must pay the following fees:

(a) To the Commission;

(i) Re. 1.00 nP, when asking for application form and connected documents.

This amount should be paid to the Commission by money order. Local candidates, however, may pay cash at the counter. The Commission will not accept payment made otherwise.

APPENDIX III

REGULATIONS FOR THE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND TRANSPORTATION (POWER) DEPARTMENT OF THE SUPERIOR REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

(These regulations are published for the convenience of the candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Government of India reserve to themselves an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom they may consider, on the report of the Medical Board, to be physically disqualified and that their discretion is in no respect limited by these regulations. These regulations are intended merely for the guidance of Medical Examiners and are not meant to restrict their discretion in any way).

1. To be passed as fit for appointment a candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties of his appointment.

2. (a) In the matter of the correlation of age, height and chest girth of candidates of Indian (including Anglo-Indian) race, it is left to the Medical Board to use whatever correlation figures are considered most suitable as a guide in the examination of the candidates. If there be any disproportion with regard to height, weight and chest girth, the candidate should be hospitalised for investigation and X-Ray of the chest taken before the candidate is declared fit or not fit by the Board.

(b) However, the minimum standards for height and chest girth, without which candidates cannot be accepted, are as follows:—

Height	Chest-girth fully expanded	Expansion
152 cms	84 cms	5 cms

The minimum height prescribed is relaxable in case of candidates belonging to races such as Gorkhas, Garhwalis, Assamese, Tribals, etc., whose average height is distinctly lower.

3. The candidate's height will be measured as follows:—

He will remove his shoes and be placed against the standard with his feet together and the weight thrown on the heels and not on the toes or other sides of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity and with the heels, calves, buttocks and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be recorded in centimetres and parts of a centimetre to halves.

4. The candidate's chest will be measured as follows:—

He will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his arms over his head. The tape will be so adjusted round the chest that its upper edge touches the inferior angles of the shoulder blades behind and lies in the same horizontal plane when the tape is taken round the chest. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to take a deep inspiration several times and the maximum expansion of the chest will be carefully noted, and the minimum and maximum will then be recorded in centimetres, thus 84—89, 86—93, etc. In recording the measurements, fractions of less than $1/2$ centimetre should not be noted.

5. The candidate will also be weighed and his weight recorded in kilograms; fractions of half a kilogram should not be noted.

6. The candidate's eyesight will be tested in accordance with the following rules. The result of each test will be recorded.

- (i) *General*.—The candidate's eyes will be submitted to a general examination directed to the detection of any disease or abnormality. The candidate will be rejected if he suffers from any squint or morbid conditions of eyes, eye lids or contiguous structures of such a sort as to render or are likely at a future date to render him unfit for service.
- (ii) *Visual Acuity*.—The examination for determining the acuteness of vision includes two tests, one for distant, the other for near vision. Each eye will be examined separately.

The candidate will be examined with the apparatus and according to the method prescribed by the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers, to determine his acuity of vision.

N.B.—No candidate will be accepted for appointment whose standard of vision does not come upto requirement specified below without the use of the contact glasses. (A contact glass or lens is defined as a glass shell, the concavity of which is in contact with the globe of the eye, a layer or liquid being interposed between the lens and the cornea. The meaning of the word "glasses" wherever used in these Regulations is to be interpreted as not covering "contact glasses")

The standard of visual acuity with or without glasses should be as follows:—

	Distant Better Eye	Vision Worse Eye	Near Better Eye	Vision Worse Eye
For candidates below 35 years of age.	6/9 or 6/6	6/9 or 6/12	S. N. O. 6	S. N. O. 8

NOTE: (i)

(a) Total Myopia (including the cylinder) shall not exceed $-4.00D$.

(b) Total Hypermetropia (including the cylinder) shall not exceed $+4.00D$.

(c) Manifest Hypermetropia shall not exceed $+1.5D$.

- (d) Colour perception should be normal.
- (e) Field of Vision should be normal.
- (f) Night vision should be normal.
- (g) Ocular conditions, other than visual acuity which will disqualify a candidate.
- (i) Any organic disease or a progressive refractive error which is likely to result in lowering the visual acuity.
- (ii) Squint.

NOTE: (ii)

Fundus examination:

Such examination shall be done for excluding any underlying organic disease or progressive refractive error and the results recorded.

NOTE: (iii)

Field Vision:

This shall be tested in all cases by confrontation method and the results recorded. Where such test gives unsatisfactory or different results, the field of vision should be determined on the perimeter.

Colour Perception:

The candidate will be examined for Colour knowledge, either with the Edridge Green Lantern or Ishihara's Colour Charts. Any defect in colour perception will be a cause for rejection of the candidate.

(iv) Night Blindness.

The candidate's night vision will be tested, with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers to ascertain whether or not he suffers from night blindness. The candidate who under the conditions of the ordinary Test for Visual Acuity has 6/6 vision with both eyes open with or without glasses will be rejected, if under the conditions of the Night Blindness Tests, his vision with both eyes open, with or without glasses, falls below 6/24.

(v) *Field of Vision.*

The field of vision of the candidate's eyes will be examined with the apparatus and according to the methods prescribed by the Railway Board's Standing Advisory Committee of Medical Officers. Any defect will be a cause* for rejection of the candidate.

7. *Blood Pressure.—*

The Board will use its discretion regarding Blood Pressure. A rough method of calculating normal maximum systolic pressure is as follows:—

- (i) With young subjects 15—25 years of age the average is about 100 plus the age.
- (ii) With subjects over 25 years of age the general rule of 110 plus half the age seems quite satisfactory.

N.B.—As a general rule any systolic pressure over 140 and diastolic over 90 should be regarded as suspicious and the candidate should be hospitalised by the Board before giving their final opinion regarding the candidate's fitness or otherwise. The hospitalization report should indicate whether the rise in blood pressure is of a transient nature due to excitement etc., or whether it is due to any organic disease. In all such cases X-Ray and electrocardiographic examinations of heart and blood urea clearance test should also be done as a routine. The final decision as to fitness or otherwise of a candidate will, however, rest with the medical board only.

Method of taking Blood Pressure.—

The mercury manometer type of instrument should be used as a rule. The measurement should not be taken within fifteen minutes of any exercise or excitement. Provided the patient, and particularly his arm, is relaxed, he may be either

lying or sitting. The arm is supported comfortably, at the patient's side in a more or less horizontal position. The arm should be freed from clothes to the shoulder. The cuff completely deflated, should be applied with the middle of the rubber over the inner side of the arm and its lower edge an inch or two above the bend of the elbow. The following turns of cloth bandage should spread evenly over the bag to avoid bulging during inflation.

The brachial artery is located by palpitation at the bend of the elbow and the stethoscope is then applied lightly and centrally over it below, but not in contact with, the cuff. The cuff is inflated to about 200 m.m. Hg. and then slowly deflated. The level at which the column stands when soft successive sounds are heard represents the Systolic Pressure. When more air is allowed to escape the sounds will be heard to increase in intensity. The level at which the well-heard clear sounds change to soft muffled fading sounds represents the diastolic pressure. The measurements should be taken in a fairly brief period of time as prolonged pressure of the cuff is irritating to the patient and will vitiate the readings. Re-checking, if necessary, should be done only a few minutes after complete deflation of the cuff. (Sometimes, as the cuff is deflated sounds are heard at a certain level they may disappear as pressure falls and reappear at a still lower level. This 'Silent Gap' may cause error in reading).

8. The urine (passed in the presence of the examiner) should be examined and the result recorded. Where a Medical Board finds sugar present in a candidate's urine by the usual chemical tests, the Board will proceed with the examination with all its other aspects and will also specially note any signs or symptoms suggestive of diabetes. If, except for the glycosuria the Board finds the candidate conforms to the standard of medical fitness required, they may pass the candidate "fit subject to the glycosuria being non-diabetic" and the Board will refer the case to a specified specialist in Medicine who has hospital and laboratory facilities at his disposal. The Medical Specialist will carry out whatever examinations, clinical and laboratory, he considers necessary including a standard blood sugar tolerance test, and will submit his opinion to the Medical Board, upon which the Medical Board will base its final opinion "fit" or "unfit". The candidate will not be required to appear in person before the Board on the second occasion. To exclude the effects of medication it may be necessary to retain a candidate for several days in hospital, under strict supervision.

9. The following additional points should be observed:—

- (a) that the candidate's hearing in each ear is good and that there is no sign of disease of the ear. In case it is defective the candidate should be got examined by the ear specialist;
- (b) that his speech is without impediment;
- (c) that his teeth are in good order and that he is provided with dentures where necessary for effective mastication (well filled teeth will be considered as sound);
- (d) that the chest is well formed and his chest expansion sufficient; and that his heart and lungs are sound;
- (e) that there is no evidence of any abdominal disease;
- (f) that he is not ruptured;
- (g) that he does not suffer from hydrocele, a severe degree of varicocele, varicose veins or piles;
- (h) that his limbs, hands and feet are well formed and developed and that there is free and perfect motion of all his joints;
- (i) that he does not suffer from any inveterate skin disease;
- (j) that there is no congenital malformation or defect;
- (k) that he does not bear traces of acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution;
- (l) that he bears marks of efficient vaccination; and
- (m) that he is free from communicable disease.

10. Radiographic examination of the chest should be done as a routine in all cases for detecting any abnormality of the heart and lungs, which may not be apparent by ordinary physical examination.

When any defect is found it must be noted in the Certificate and the medical examiner should state his opinion whether or not it is likely to interfere with the efficient performance of the duties which will be required of the candidate.

NOTE.—Candidates are warned that there is no right of appeal from a Medical Board, special or standing, appointed to determine their fitness for the above Service. If, however, Government are satisfied on the evidence produced before them of the possibility of an error of judgment in the decision of the first Board, it is open to Government to allow an appeal to a second Board. Such evidence should be submitted within one month of the date of the communication in which the decision of the first Medical Board is communicated to the candidate, otherwise no request for an appeal to a second Medical Board will be considered.

If any medical certificate is produced by a candidate as a piece of evidence about the possibility of an error of judgment in the decision of the first Board, the certificate will not be taken into consideration unless it contains a note by the medical practitioner concerned to the effect that it has been given in full knowledge of the fact that the candidate has already been rejected as unfit for service by the Medical Board.

Medical Board's Report.

The following intimation is made for the guidance of the Medical Examiner:

1. The standard of physical fitness to be adopted should make due allowance for the age and length of service, if any, of the candidates concerned.

No person will be deemed qualified for admission to the Public Service who shall not satisfy Government, or the appointing authority, as the case may be, that he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him for that service.

It should be understood that the question of fitness involves the future as well as the present and that one of the main objects of medical examination is to secure continuous effective service, and in the case of candidates for permanent appointment to prevent early pension or payments in case of premature death. It is at the same time to be noted that the question is one of the likelihood of continuous effective service, and that rejection of a candidate need not be advised on account of the presence of a defect which in only a small proportion of cases is found to interfere with continuous effective service.

A lady doctor will be co-opted as a member of the Medical Board whenever a woman candidate is to be examined.

The report of the medical board should be treated as confidential

In cases where a medical board considers that minor disability disqualifying a candidate for Government service can be cured by treatment (medical or surgical) a statement to that effect should be recorded by the Medical Board. There is no objection to a candidate being informed of the Board's opinion to this effect by the appointing authority and when a cure has been effected it will be open to the authority concerned to ask for another Medical Board.

(a) Candidate's statement and declaration.

The candidate must make the statement required below prior to his Medical Examination and must sign the Declaration appended thereto. His attention is specially directed to the warning contained in the Note below:—

1. State your name in full (in block letters)
2. State your age and birth place
3. (a) Have you ever had smallpox, intermittent or any other fever, enlargement or suppuration of glands, spitting of blood, asthma, heart disease, lung disease, fainting attacks, rheumatism, appendicitis?

OR

- (b) any other disease or accident requiring confinement to bed and medical or surgical treatment?

4. When were you last vaccinated?

.....
.....

5. Have you or any of your near relations been afflicted with consumption, scrofula, gout, asthma, fits, epilepsy, or insanity?

6. Have you suffered from any form of nervousness due to over-work or any other cause?

.....
.....

7. Furnish the following particulars concerning your family:—

Father's age if living and state of health	Father's age at death and cause of death	No. of brothers living, their ages and state of health	No. of brothers dead, their ages at and cause of death
Mother's age if living and state of health	Mother's age at death and cause of death	No. sisters living, their ages and state of health	No. of sisters dead, their ages at and cause of death

I declare all the above answers to be, to the best of my belief, true and correct.

Candidate's Signature

Signed in my presence.

Signature of Chairman of the Board.

NOTE.—The candidate will be held responsible for the accuracy of the above statement. By wilfully suppressing any information he will incur the risk of losing the appointment and, if appointed, of forfeiting all claim to Superannuation Allowance or Gratuity.

(b) Report of the Medical Board on (name of candidate) physical examination.

1. General Development: Good
Fair Poor
Nutrition: Thin Average

..... Obese

Height (without shoes)

Weight Best Weight

When?; Any recent change in

Weight?

Temperature

Girth of Chest:—

(1) (After full inspiration)

(2) (After full expiration)

2. Skin: Any obvious disease.

3. Eyes:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| (1) Any disease | |
| (2) Night blindness | |
| (3) Defect in colour vision | |
| (4) Field of vision | |
| (5) Visual Acuity | |

Acuity of vision	Naked eye	With glasses	Strength of glasses		
			Sph.	Cyl.	Axis
Distant vision R.E. L.E.					
Near vision R.E. L.E.					
Hypermetropia R.E. (Manifest). L.E.					

4. Ears:

Inspection Hearing:

Right Ear	Left Ear
-----------	----------

5. Glands Thyroid

6. Condition of teeth

7. Respiratory System: Does physical examination reveal anything abnormal in the respiratory organs?

If yes, explain fully

8. Circulatory System:

(a) Heart: Any organic lesions?

Rate: Standing After hopping 25 times

2 minutes after hopping

Blood Pressure: Systolic
Diastolic

9. Abdomen Girth Tenderness

Hernia

(a) Palpable: Liver
Spleen Kidneys
Tumors

(b) Hemorrhoids Fistula

10. Nervous System: Indications of nervous or mental disabilities

11. Loco-Motor System: Any abnormality

12. Genito Urinary System: Any evidence of Hydrocele, Varicocele etc.

Urine Analysis:

- (a) Physical appearance (b) Sp. Gr. (c) Albumin (d) Sugar (e) Casts (f) Cells

13. Report of X-Ray Examination of Chest.

14. Is there anything in the health of the candidate likely to render him unfit for the efficient discharge of his duties in the service for which he is a candidate?

51. For which services has the candidate been examined and found in all respects qualified for the efficient and continuous discharge of his duties and for which of them is he considered unfit.

President

Member

Date

Place

APPENDIX IV

CONDITIONS OF APPRENTICESHIP FOR SPECIAL CLASS APPRENTICES SELECTED UNDER RULE 3(a) IN PART I.

The terms and conditions of Apprenticeship will be as set out in the form of agreement prescribed in the Indian Railway Establishment manual brief particulars of which are given below.

1. A candidate selected for appointment as a Special Class Apprentice shall execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete training and probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as Apprentice and Probationer.

The apprentices will be liable to undergo practical and theoretical training for 4 years in the first instance under an indenture binding them to serve on the Indian Railways on the completion of their training if their services are required. The continuance of apprenticeship from year to year will depend on satisfactory reports being received from the authorities under whom the apprentices may be working. If at any time during his apprenticeship, any apprentice does not satisfy the superior authorities that he is making good progress, he will be liable to be discharged from the apprenticeship.

NOTE.—The Government of India may at their discretion alter or modify the periods and courses of training.

2. The practical and theoretical training referred to above will be given in a railway workshop for four years of their apprenticeship. Special Class Apprentices must pass within this period either Parts I and II of the Associate Membership of Institution of Mechanical Engineers (London) or Sections 'A' and 'B' of the Associate Membership of Institution of Engineers (India) Examinations. The apprentices will be granted a stipend of Rs. 125 per mensem during the 1st and 2nd years and Rs. 175 per mensem during the 3rd and 4th years. During the first three years the apprentices will be required to undergo training in four periods of nine months each, six months in the shops followed by three months in the technical school and will be examined at the end of each session. If unsuccessful at any of these examinations, they will be discharged from their apprenticeship. During the fourth year they will undergo only practical training.

NOTE.—Except as provided for in paragraph 4 below or in cases of discharge or dismissal due to insubordination, intemperance or other misconduct or breach of agreement, a week's notice of discharge from apprenticeship will be given.

3. Before the completion of 4th year of training referred to in paragraph 2 above, the apprentices will be listed in order of merit on the results of the examination held and the reports on the apprentices received during the period of apprenticeship. Successful apprentices will be appointed on probation for 3 years in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways.

NOTE.—An apprentice will be considered to have obtained the qualifying standard if he obtains a minimum of 50 per cent. marks in the aggregate in all the examinations held during the 4 years of his training including the marks of the reports of the Principal, Technical School, and of the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, provided that in each of the 4 years he has obtained a minimum of 45 per cent. marks in the aggregate and a minimum of 40 per cent. marks in any one subject.

4. Unsuccessful apprentices will be discharged from their apprenticeship, one month's notice of discharge being given along with the intimation that the apprentice has been unsuccessful.

5. During the 1st and 2nd years of probation they will be sent to one or more of the Indian Railways for undergoing training in accordance with the syllabus prescribed for the purpose as modified from time to time. The probationers may also be required to attend after working hours, a technical college or special lectures on Engineering subjects. They will be given an oral test at the end of each phase of training during these two years of training and at the end of the 2nd year, they will be given a written test to be conducted jointly by the Chief Mechanical Engineer and the Chief Operating Superintendent of the Railway to which they are posted, on the training received by the probationers during this period. The qualifying marks at this test will be 50 per cent. Before completion of 1st year of probation the probationers must have passed either Part III of the Associate Membership of Institution of Mechanical Engineers (London) or Section 'C' of the Associate Membership of Institution of Engineers (India) Examinations.

6. During the probationary period, they will have to attend a prescribed course of training in the Railway Staff College, Baroda, and to qualify in the tests held in the College. The test in the College is compulsory and a second chance, in the event of failure will not be given except in exceptional circumstances and provided the record of the officers is such as to justify such relaxation being made. Failure to pass the test may involve the termination of service, and in any case, the officers will not be confirmed till they pass the test, their period of training and/or probation being extended as necessary. Before the end of second year of probation, they will be required to undergo a departmental examination which will include Accounting and Estimating, General and Subsidiary Rules, Factories Act, Workmen's Compensation Act, ability to handle labour and general application to work or works on which each officer is engaged while on probation. They will be required to pass the departmental examination within the second year of the probationary period. Failure to pass the examination may result in termination of service, and will, in any case, involve stoppage of increments. In case, where the probationary period has to be extended for failing to pass any or all the departmental examinations within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examination and being confirmed after expiry of extended period of probation, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by the Rules and orders in force from time to time. It must be noted that a second chance to pass any examination will, as a rule, not be given except under exceptional circumstances and only provided the other record of the candidate during the period of his training is such as to justify such relaxation being made.

7. The appointment and pay as a probationer will commence from (a) the date of completion of four years of apprenticeship or (b) the actual date of completion of training whichever is later. Service for increment will, subject to paragraph 6 above, count from the date of appointment as probationer.

NOTE 1.—The retention in service of the probationers and the grant of annual increments are subject to satisfactory reports on their work being received at the end of each year of probation.

NOTE 2.—Service as probationer may be terminated on 3 months' notice on either side.

8. Particulars as to pay and general conditions of service prescribed for officers in the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of Indian Railways will be found in Appendix IV-A.

APPENDIX IV A

PARTICULARS REGARDING THE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND TRANSPORTATION (POWER) DEPARTMENT OF THE SUPERIOR REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN RAILWAYS

1. A candidate selected under Rule 3(b) shall on appointment as a probationary officer execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund in the event of his failing to complete probation to the satisfaction of the Central Government any moneys paid to him consequent on his appointment as probationer.

The probationary officers will be on probation for a period of three years during which their services will be liable to termination on three months' notice on either side. They shall undergo practical training for the first two years. Those who are reported upon and considered to have completed successfully the two years' training will be given charge of a working post provided they pass departmental and other examinations as may be prescribed. It must be noted that a second chance to pass any examination will, as a rule, not be given except under exceptional circumstances and only provided the other record of the candidate during the period of his training is such as to justify such a relaxation being made. Failure to pass the examination may result in the termination of service and will, in any case, involve stoppage of increment. At the end of one year in a working post the officers will be required to pass a final examination both practical and theoretical and will, if successful, be confirmed provided they are considered otherwise fit for permanent appointment. In cases, where the probationary period is extended for any reason, on their passing the departmental examinations and being confirmed after expiry of the extended period of probation, the drawal of the first and subsequent increments will be regulated by rules and orders in force from time to time. On confirmation, their agreement will continue to remain in force subject to their service being terminable on six months' notice on either side.

Probationers will also have to undergo training at the Railway Staff College, Baroda, in two phases, first during the period of their two years training and again during the period when they hold working posts. The test in the college is compulsory and a second chance in the event of failure, will not be given except in exceptional circumstances and provided the record of the officers is such as to justify such relaxation being made. Failure to pass the test may involve the termination of services and in any case, the officers will not be confirmed till they pass the test, their period of training and/or probation being extended as necessary.

NOTE.—The period of training and the period of probation against a working post may be modified at the discretion of Government. If the period of training is extended in any case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the total period of probation will be correspondingly extended.

2. Probationers should have already passed or should pass during the period of probation, an examination in Hindi in the Dev Nagri script of an approved standard. This examination may be the "PRAVEEN" Hindi Examination which is conducted by the Directorate of Education, Delhi or one of the equivalent Examinations recognised by the Central Government.

No probationary officer can be confirmed or his pay in the time scale raised to Rs. 450.00 per month unless he fulfils this requirement; and failure to do so will involve liability to termination of service. No exception can be granted.

3. Any person appointed to the Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the Indian Railways on the results of the Examination held in 1965 onwards shall, if so required, be liable to serve in any Defence Service or post connected with the Defence of India for a period of not less than four years including the period spent on training, if any:—

Provided that such a person—

- (a) shall not be required to serve as aforesaid after the expiry of ten years from the date of appointment as probationer;
- (b) shall not ordinarily be required to serve as aforesaid after attaining the age of forty years.

4. Officers of the Mechanical Engineering & Transportation (Power) Department recruited under these Regulations.

- (a) will be eligible to pensionary benefits; and
- (b) shall subscribe to the State Railway non-contributory Provident Fund under the Rules of that Fund:

as applicable to Railway Servants appointed on the date they join service.

5. Pay will commence from the date of joining service as a probationer. Service for increments will also count from the same date subject to paragraph 1 above. Particulars as to pay are contained in paragraph 9 of this Appendix.

6. Officers recruited under these regulations shall be eligible for leave in accordance with the rules for the time being in force applicable to officers of Indian Railways.

7. Officers will ordinarily be employed throughout their service on the Railways to which they may be posted on first appointment and will have no claim, as a matter of right, to transfer to some other Railway but the Government of India reserve the right to transfer such officers in the exigencies of service, to any other Railway or Project in or out of India. Officers will be liable to serve in the Stores Department of Indian Railways if and when called upon to do so.

8. The relative seniority of officers recruited under Rule 3(a) will ordinarily be determined by the order of merit at the end of their first four years training while in the case of those recruited under Rule 3(b) the relative seniority will ordinarily be determined by the order of merit in the competitive examination. As between officers recruited under Rule 3(a) and those recruited under Rule 3(b) seniority will be determined on the basis of entry in the time scale subject to the *inter se* seniority of each batch being maintained. The Government of India, however, reserve the right of fixing seniority at their discretion in individual cases. They also reserve the right of assigning to officers appointed under Rules 3(c) and 3(d) positions in the seniority list at their discretion.

NOTE.—If the period of training and consequently the period of probation is extended in any particular case due to the training not having been completed satisfactorily, the officer concerned is liable to lose in seniority.

9. The following are the rates of pay at present admissible to officers appointed to Mechanical Engineering and Transportation (Power) Department.

Junior Scale: Rs. 400—400—450—30—600—35—670—EB—35—950 (authorised Scale).

Senior Scale: Rs. 700 (1st to 6th Year)—40—1100—50/2—1250 (authorised Scale).

*Junior Administrative Grade: Rs. 1,300—60—1,600.

*Senior Administrative Grade: Rs. 1800—100—2,000—125—2,250.

*The revision of these scales is under consideration.

NOTE 1.—Probationary officers will start on the minimum of the Junior Scale and will count their service for increments from the date of joining. They will, however, be required to pass any departmental examination or examinations that may be prescribed before their pay can be raised from Rs. 400.00 p.m. to Rs. 450.00 p.m. in the time scale.

NOTE 2.—Increment from Rs. 400.00 to Rs. 450.00 will be stopped if they fail to pass departmental examinations within the first two years of the training and probationary period. In cases where the training period has to be extended for failure to pass all the departmental examinations within the stipulated period, on their passing the departmental examinations after expiry of the extended period of training, their pay from the date following that on which the last examination ends, will be fixed at the stage in the time scale which they would have otherwise attained but no arrears of pay would be allowed to them. In such cases the date of further increments will not be affected.

10. The increments will be given for approved service only and in accordance with the rules of the Department.

11. Promotions to the Administrative grades are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment and are made wholly by selection; mere seniority does not confer any claim for such promotion.

[No. E(GR)I-64RR7-1.]

P. C. MATHEW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

New Delhi, the 20th November 1964

G.S.R. 1691.—The following is published for general information:

Amendments to Supreme Court Rules, 1950.

The Supreme Court of India, in exercise of its rule-making powers and with the approval of the President, hereby makes, with immediate effect, the following rules further to amend the Supreme Court Rules, 1950, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Supreme Court (Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. In the Supreme Court Rules, 1950,—

(1) in Order XIII, for rule 1, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“1. Subject to the provisions of sections 4, 5, 12 and 14 of the Limitation Act, 1963 (36 of 1963), a Petition for Special Leave to Appeal shall be lodged in the Court in a case where a certificate for leave to appeal was refused by the High Court within sixty days from the date of the order of refusal and in any other case within ninety days from the date of judgment or order sought to be appealed from.”;

(2) in Order XVI,—

(a) in sub-rule (b) of rule 12, for the words, figures and brackets ‘Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908)’, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Limitation Act, 1963 (36 of 1963)”;

(b) in rule 14-A, for the words, figures and brackets ‘Article 171 in the First Schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908)’, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Article 121 in the Schedule to the Limitation Act, 1963 (36 of 1963)”;

(3) in Order XXI, for sub-rule (1) of rule 1, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“1. (1) Subject to the provisions of sections 4, 5, 12 and 14 of the Limitation Act, 1963 (36 of 1963), a petition for special leave to appeal shall be lodged in the Court in a case where a certificate for leave to appeal was refused by the High Court within sixty days from the date of order of refusal and in any other case within ninety days from the date of judgment or order sought to be appealed from:

Provided that in a case involving a sentence of death the petition for special leave to appeal shall be lodged within sixty days from the date of the judgment, final order or sentence.”

[No. F. 8/64-S.C.M.J.]

By Order of the Court,

Y. D. DESAI, Registrar.

MINISTRY OF LAW

(Department of Legal Affairs)

New Delhi, the 18th November 1964

G.S.R. 1692.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the method of recruitment to the General Central Service Class I posts of Solicitor at Bombay in the Department of Legal Affairs of the Ministry of Law, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Ministry of Law, Department of Legal Affairs (Solicitor, Bombay) Recruitment Rules, 1964.

2. Application.—These rules shall apply to the post as specified in column 1 of the Schedule annexed hereto.

3. Number, Classification and Scale of pay.—The number of posts, their classification and the scales of pay attached to them shall be as specified in columns 2 to 4 of the said Schedule.

4. Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications.—The method of recruitment to the said posts, age limit, qualifications and other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the Schedule aforesaid:—

Provided that the upper age limit specified for direct recruitment may be relaxed in the case of candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes/Tribes and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders of the Central Government issued from time to time.

5. Disqualifications.—(a) No person, who has more than one wife living or who, having a spouse living, marries in any case in which such marriage is void by reason of its taking place during the life-time of such spouse, shall be eligible for appointment to the post; and

(b) no woman, whose marriage is void by reason of the husband having a wife living at the time of such marriage or who has married a person who has a wife living at the time of such marriage shall be eligible for appointment to the post:

Provided that the Central Government may, if satisfied that there are special grounds for so ordering, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

Name of post.	No. of posts.	Classification.	Scale of pay.	Whether selection post or non-selection post.	Age limit for direct recruits.	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Solicitor Department of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Law, Bombay	Two	General Central Service Class I	Rs. 2000/- (fixed) per month.	Not applic- able.	Not less than forty years.	<i>Essential :</i> (i) An Attorney of High Court of Bombay or Cal- cutta who has practised as such for about 12 years. (ii) Adequate ex- perience of in- come-tax litiga- tion work (for one of the posts only).

Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees.	Period of probation, if any.	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or by deputation/transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods.	In case of recruitment by promotion, deputation/transfer, grades from which promotion, deputation/transfer to be made.	If a D.P.C. exists what is its composition.	Circumstances in which U.P.S.C. is to be consulted in making recruitment.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Not applicable	Two years	Direct recruitment.	Not applicable	Not applicable	As required under the rules.

[No. F. 14(7)/64-Adm. I (LA)]

E. VENKATESWARAN, Under Secy.

विधि मंत्रालय

(विधि कार्य विभाग)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 18 नवम्बर, 1964

सा० का० नि० 1693—संविधान के अनुच्छेद 309 के परन्तुक द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए राष्ट्रपति ने एतद्द्वारा निम्नलिखित नियम बनाये हैं जो विधि मंत्रालय के विधि कार्य विभाग में बम्बई में साधारण केन्द्रीय सेवा की प्रथम श्रेणी के सालीसिटर के पदों में भर्ती की पद्धति विनियमित करते हैं, अर्थात्:—

1. संक्षिप्त नाम—ये नियम विधि मंत्रालय, विधि कार्य विभाग (सालीसिटर, बम्बई) भर्ती नियम, 1964 कहे जा सकेंगे।

2. लागू होना—ये नियम उन पदों को लागू होंगे जो इससे उपाबद्ध अनुसूची के स्तम्भ 1 में उल्लिखित हैं।

3. संख्या, वर्गीकरण तथा वेतनमान—उक्त पदों की संख्या, उनका वर्गीकरण और उनके वेतनमान उक्त अनुसूची के स्तम्भ 2 से लेकर स्तम्भ 4 तक में उल्लिखितानुसार होंगे।

4. भर्ती की पद्धति, आयु सीमा और अन्य अर्हताएं—उक्त पदों में भर्ती की पद्धति, आयु सीमा, अर्हताएं और उनसे सम्बद्ध अन्य बातें पूर्वोक्त अनुसूची के स्तम्भ 5 से लेकर स्तम्भ 13 तक में उल्लिखितानुसार होंगी :

परन्तु सीधी भर्ती के लिए उल्लिखित उच्चतर आयु सीमा, अनुसूचित जातियों / आदिम जातियों के उम्मीदवारों और अन्य विशेष प्रवर्गों के व्यक्तियों की अवस्था में, समय समय पर जारी किये गये केन्द्रीय सरकार के आदेशों के अनुकूल, शिथिल की जा सकेगी।

5. अनर्हताएं :

(क) कोई व्यक्ति जिसकी एक से अधिक पत्नियां जीवित हैं या जो एक पत्नी के जीवित होते हुए ऐसी दशा में विवाह करता है जिसमें ऐसी पत्नी के जीवनकाल के दौरान में किये जाने के कारण वह विवाह शून्य है, पद में नियुक्ति के लिए पात्र नहीं होगा, और

(ख) कोई स्त्री जिसका विवाह इस कारण शून्य है कि उस विवाह के समय उसके पति की पत्नी जीवित थी या जिसने ऐसे व्यक्ति से विवाह किया है जिसके कि ऐसे विवाह के समय पत्नी जीवित थी, पद में नियुक्ति के लिए पात्र नहीं होगी :

परन्तु केन्द्रीय सरकार इस नियम के प्रवर्तन से किसी व्यक्ति को छूट दे सकेगी यदि उसका समाधान हो जाता है कि वैसा आदेश देने के लिए कोई विशेष कारण हैं।

अनु

पद का नाम	पदों की वर्गीकरण संख्या	वर्तमान	वरण-पद है अथवा गैर वरण-पद	सीधी भर्ती वालों के लिए आयु सीमा	सीधी भर्ती वालों के लिये शिक्षा संबंधी और अन्य अर्हताएं
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7
सालीसिटर विधि-कार्य विभाग, विधि मंत्रालय, बम्बई	2	साधारण केन्द्रीय सेवा प्रथम श्रेणी	2000 रु० प्रतिमास (नियत)	लागू नहीं होता	अन्यून चालीस वर्ष	<p>अतिवार्य :-</p> <p>(i) बम्बई या कलकत्ते के उच्च न्यायालय का अटर्नी जिसने उस रूप में लगभग 12 वर्ष विधि व्यवसाय किया हो।</p> <p>(ii) आयकर मुकदमों से बन्धी काम का पर्याप्त अनुभव (केवल एक पद के लिए)</p>

सूची

क्या सीधी भर्ती वालों के लिये विहित आयु और शिक्षा संबंधी अहं- ताएं पदो- न्नति द्वारा भर्ती वालों की अवस्था में भी लागू होंगी	परिक्षा की कालावधि, यदि कोई हो	भर्ती की पद्धतियां अर्थात् क्या सीधी भर्ती होगी या पदोन्नति से या प्रतिनियोजन/ बदली से तथा विभिन्न पद्धतियों द्वारा भरी जाने वाली रिक्तियों की प्रतिशतताएं	पदोन्नति/ प्रतिनियोजन/ बदली द्वारा भर्ती की दशा में वे ग्रेड जिनसे पदो- न्नति/प्रतिनि- योजन/बदलि- या की जानी हैं	यदि विभा- गीय पदोन्नति समिति विद्यमान है तो उस की रचना	वे परिस्थितियां जिन में भर्ती करने में संघ लोक सेवा आयोग से परामर्श किया जाना है
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लागू नहीं होता	दो वर्ष	सीधी भर्ती द्वारा	लागू नहीं होता	लागू नहीं होता	नियमों के अधीन जैसा अपेक्षित हो
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[सं० एफ० 14(7)/64-प्रश्ना० 1 (वि०का०)]

ई० बेंकटेश्वरन्,

अवर सचिव, भारत सरकार।

